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DESERT EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

MONDAY, JULY 9, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

The proper classification of your ad means the building of a broad and straight road to it for every reader of the paper who would be at all interested in it.

10 PAGES LAST EDITION.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

STEVENS RETURNS FROM BOSTON TO FLEE?

Ezra Stevenson Returns From Boston Wholly Disgusted With Hope.

NO CONFIDENCE IN THE MAN.

Belief is That He Will Not Return To Salt Lake or Utah of His Own Choice.

Has Been Going the Same Rounds in The City of Culture and Beans As Pursued Here.

What the next chapter is to be in the continued serial of the adventures in Salt Lake and Boston of one Beresford Hope, people are beginning to wonder. The game, it seems, is almost up, and a net of evidence is collecting out of which Mr. Hope cannot wriggle, unless many assertions of his prove to be true than they seem to be, and he actually receives backing from sources that now appear to exist only in thin air. The conviction is growing with added evidence that Hope is simply a smooth, a very smooth man, and the conviction has now reached to several of those who most seriously considered Mr. Hope's first assertions, and who expressed faith readily in response to letters of credentials, which stenographers in Hope's office afterwards declared were made to order, and never came through the mails at all, as claimed.

Erna T. Stevenson, a brother-in-law of Dr. C. F. Wilcox, and one of those who became interested in Hope's ventures here, returned to his desk at the Deseret National Bank this morning. He had been absent, looking Mr. Hope up in Boston and checking assertions made by him.

MR. STEVENSON'S TRIP.

When seen by the "News" Mr. Stevenson was not giving in his tributes to the honesty of Mr. Hope. He was not anxious to say much more, in fact, than that he was sorry at the turn things were taking, and that while his confidence had been badly shaken, there was still a chance for Mr. Hope to make good. This, however, he did not consider a very probable chance.

"What was Mr. Hope doing?" was suggested to Mr. Stevenson.

"Well," he replied, "he was busy with his plans. John A. Bagley was with him and both he and Mr. Bagley were very well satisfied, and I have faith in Mr. Bagley. I had a long talk with Hope. I told him all I had heard about him that was not straight, and he seemed to be able to hold his own. He declared he was coming back here in the near future, and that he had by no means quit the country."

WILL HOPE COME BACK?

When asked as to the time of this interview Mr. Stevenson stated it was before the exposure here of many things Mr. Hope had done, and that several damaging pieces of evidence had not been submitted to him. "I learned more about Mr. Hope's papers on returning," said Mr. Stevenson, "than I knew about the charges while away."

"Do you think Mr. Hope still intends to come back, that is of his own free will?" was suggested, and Mr. Stevenson declared he hardly knew what to say. His faith in Hope had been badly shattered, but it was still not too late, he thought, for Hope to fight his way out of the corner he seems to have got into.

GOING TO EUROPE.

To the Boston newspapers, however, since Mr. Stevenson left, Mr. Hope has made the statement that he leaves on Saturday next for Europe, and this change in his plans is accounted for here, by the exposure of the apparent foundations on which Hope was working. His plan it is now thought, was to utilize both his Utah options and his English company, as assets in making his real "killing" among Boston financiers.

THE SAME OLD ROUNDS.

With a suggestion of owning millions, and representing many more millions, he secured ready entrance into the University, enjoyed a card at the Boston Athletic Club, and the money of Nelson A. Miles, and as Mr. Stevenson reports was very busy on his schemes and plans in the big bean eating city. What will mature of these, the present week will disclose, and people here are anxiously waiting for the news.

20,000 TON BATTLESHIP.

Navy Construction Officers Will Get no Help From English Dreadnaught.

Washington, July 8.—The construction officers of the navy will not be aided in preparing plans for the monster 20,000 ton battleship by the plans of the English "Dreadnaught." So far the British "Dreadnaught" has been a successful preventive of any part of the designs or plans of the largest fighting machine of their navy from falling into the hands of other nations. Such information as the United States navy possesses of the "Dreadnaught" is of no service in designing the new ship provided in the last naval appropriation act. The fact that the plans of the "Dreadnaught" are so closely guarded is given as a reason why the plans of the big ship for the United States should not be made public, will be the case when the terms of the act are complied with, as it expressly says that the plans and specifications must be submitted to Congress before contracts for the new ship are made.

BRYANS BACK IN LONDON.

London, July 8.—William J. Bryan and Mrs. Bryan returned to London today from West Park, the country residence of Ambassador Whiteley Reid. Later Mr. Bryan visited Premier Campbell-Bannerman at his official residence in Downing street and spent an hour with him.

HAASKON A GERMAN ADMIRAL.

Trondheim, Norway, July 8.—Emperor William has appointed King Haakon an honorary admiral of the German army.

SUPREME COURT IS IN SESSION

Hearing Arguments in Election Contest—Hamer vs. Howell.

SUIT INVOLVES JUDGESHIP.

Case Brought in Behalf of Hon. H. H. Rolapp, the Democratic Nominee Against Successful Candidate.

The supreme court is holding an adjourned session today, and is hearing arguments in the election contest case of Daniel Hamer, contestant and appellant, vs. J. A. Howell, contestee, which involves the office of judge of the Second district court. The contest was brought in behalf of Judge Howell at the last election. According to the returns as canvassed by the county commissioners of the three counties which comprise the Second judicial district, Judge Howell was elected by a plurality of 101 votes.

At the starting on the contest, which was presided over by Judge C. W. Morse of this city, Judge Howell was declared elected by 101 votes. It was contended by contestant that the board of canvassers erred in counting certain alleged illegal votes for Judge Howell. It was also contended that Judge Howell is disqualified from holding the office because of alleged violations of the state election laws in that he offered positions to several parties in order to induce them to vote for him. Judge Morse ruled against the contestant on both points, and hence an appeal was taken to the supreme court.

The appellant contends that the lower court erred in counting ballots for Howell which should have been declared illegal and in deciding certain contest on the point of the disqualification of Judge Howell. On the latter point it was set out in the arguments for appellant that prior to the election Judge Howell personally promised to appoint Samuel L. Dye as assessor, and to vote for him, and to secure the appointment of J. D. Skeen as municipal judge of Ogden in the event that they would support him for district judge. It was stated by the attorneys in their arguments that the evidence in the lower court on this point was uncontradicted.

This, they contend, is a violation of Section 892 of the Revised Statutes of Utah, 1895, as that section makes it a felony for a person "to give, offer or promise any office, place or employment to induce any voter to vote or to secure the appointment of any particular person or persons." It is argued that Judge Howell's conduct in this matter disqualifies him from accepting the office even though he received the most votes.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Mother Drowned and Baby Narrowly Escaped Death Yesterday.

(Special to the "News.") Logan, July 8.—A terrible accident occurred in Logan canyon near the dugway above the city dam at about 8 o'clock last evening, in which, Mrs. Nell Bergejo was drowned and her baby narrowly escaped a watery grave. According to the information brought here, Mrs. Bergejo accompanied Mr. W. O. Hanson and wife and three children on a fishing trip up the canyon. Mr. Hanson stopped the wagon on the dugway and started down stream to fish. The balance of the party were in the wagon, and Mr. Hanson's wife attempted to drive the team to where her father was. In some way she got the lines twisted and the horses began to back, with the result that the vehicle was ever turned down the embankment. Assistance was quickly rendered, and all were brought to the shore, but it was found that Mrs. Bergejo and baby had been pinned under the wagon and that the woman was dead. The infant was unconscious but was soon revived.

It will probably ever remain a mystery how Mrs. Bergejo was drowned while the rest of the party were safe. Every effort was made to revive the unfortunate woman, but without success.

HOME FROM EUROPE.

Hon. Angus M. Cannon and Sister Return After Delightful Trip.

Hon. Angus M. Cannon and sister, Mary Alice Lambert, returned home this morning after an extended European trip. They left Salt Lake on Feb. 28, and spent five days in the States en route to New York, visiting relatives. They sailed on the Teutonic on March 7 at noon and arrived off Queenstown on the morning of the 14th. After leaving Liverpool they went to the Isle of Man for two weeks and returned to England for three. They then went on to the continent and visited Belgium and the Netherlands, meeting former Judge McNally of Salt Lake at Liege. The latter accorded them every possible courtesy and entertained them royally. In fact their reception everywhere was of the most cordial character. While in London Mr. Cannon contracted a severe cold and was compelled to go to the hotel at Liege for a few days during a rest of seven weeks.

APPEAL TO NATIONAL BANKS.

Washington, July 8.—Sey. Shaw has issued an appeal to national banks to assist the government in supplying a pressing demand for notes of small denomination. He has sent to all banks a letter requesting them to issue as much of the aggregate of their circulating notes in five-dollar bills as is possible, indicating to them that there is more profit in the issuance of such notes than in putting out notes of larger denomination.

PRIZE WINNING GIRLS SEE THE CITY FROM OREGON

Prize Winning Girls See the City Of the Saints During the Day.

AT SALT LAKE THIS AFTERNOON.

Leave for Park Tonight and Will See The Geysers Spout for Their Particular Benefit.

Accompanied by their brothers and their cousins and their aunts, 38 girls—every one of them a prize taker on popularity, arrived here yesterday, and will leave at 8 o'clock tonight for the Yellowstone National park. In all 150 people make up the party, and yesterday afternoon and today they have been going at a rapid gait through the attractions of Salt Lake and vicinity. Yesterday afternoon they had reserved seats at the regular tabernacle services, where they listened to a discourse by Elder C. W. Penrose. Following the services they were tendered a musical recital by Asst. Organist Edward Kimball, assisted by Emma Ramsey Morris, and in the evening visited the Holmes art gallery.

OUT AT EARLY MORN.

Today it was a case of "Wake and call me early" for the crowd was out sightseeing with the dawn. This morning they did all there was to do in the way of a speedy "seeing Salt Lake" trip in automobiles and cars, and at noon repaired to the Commercial club for luncheon. The club was the guest on this occasion, and there were present several prominent guests, besides the party.

WELCOMED BY GOVERNOR.

To welcome them to Salt Lake and Utah a committee went to Ogden yesterday. It was composed of Gov. C. H. Johnson, Gen. Ray C. Naylor, N. P. Naylor, private secretary of the governor, Fisher Harris and J. C. McDonald. After the tabernacle recital Gov. Johnson, on behalf of the visitors for the courtesies shown them.

This afternoon, following the luncheon at the party, out to Sevier, the party plan to return in time to catch their train out on schedule, at 8 o'clock tonight. The prize winning girls composing the 38 guests of honor are winners in a "most popular girl" contest conducted by the Portland Oregonian through the larger towns of Washington, Oregon and Idaho. The winners secured a trip to Yellowstone park and back, consuming about 20 days. They will arrive at the park about 7 o'clock tomorrow evening, and will return to Portland via Pocatello and Boise, July 20.

PARTY PERSONNEL.

The personnel of the party is as follows:

Oregon—Misses Helle Blaine, Portland; Gussie Bottmiller, the Dalles; Sue Breckinridge, Albany; Gladys Chamberlain, Portland; Nora Coed, Dalles; Athale Devenport, Astoria; Anna DeLator, Pendleton; Annie Ewing, Oswego; Laura Garrett, Ashland; Lele Gilliland, Union; Ona Gilliam, Heppner; Mary Hand, Portland; Lena Hess, Hillsboro; Eva Hubert, Portland; Mary Keeney, Portland; Elsie Koch, Portland; Mildred Looney, Jefferson; Maud McAllister, Portland; Marie Mickel, Mount Angel; Mary McCormick, Lebanon; Elsie Rometsch, Portland; Flossie Shambrook, Portland; Susie Smith, Portland; Cleo Smyth, Portland; Alice Taylor, Portland; Marie Watt, Seaside; Anne Wilson, Corvallis; Della Wood, Huntington.

Washington—Misses Alice Boone, Chehalis; Heppie Eaton, Aberdeen; Helen Goodwin, Walla Walla; Lizzie Hodge, Spokane; Mildred Kellogg, Hoquiam; Lulu Leverette, John Day; Gertrude Randall, Castle Rock; Rena Rowland, Montesano; Mayvella Wakefield, Elma.

IDAHO—Miss Olive Gruver, Pocatello.

RECITAL WILL BE PRIVATE.

Admission by Ticket Only to Musical Affair for Hawaiian Band.

The Royal Hawaiian band, which has been signed up by Manager Langford of Saltair for another engagement, lasting up to and including Friday next, will, tomorrow forenoon, be the recipient of an organ recital at the tabernacle, tendered by President Joseph F. Smith, and played by Walter J. Poulton in the absence of Prof. McClellan, who does not return home until tomorrow night. Invitation is by ticket only and persons who do not receive invitations of course cannot attend. The regular tabernacle recital will be played by Mr. Ed. Kimball.

A PUBLIC OUTRAGE.

"American" Councilman Carter Impels Health of His Neighbors.

A public outrage was committed today on First South between Fourth and Fifth West streets in a court where resides one A. R. Carter, "American" councilman, patriot, etc., and the whole neighborhood is up in arms over what they term a most hideous procedure.

On Carter's premises there is a cesspool which he decided to have cleaned. Men were set to work pumping it out, and the refuse was dumped into a vacant lot. Residents in the neighborhood declare that the stench was something fearful.

ROUTE 2 FOR KENDRICK, IDAHO

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., July 8.—Rural route number 2, at Kendrick, Latah county, Ida., serving 460 people and 90 houses.

JUDGE EMORY'S STORY OF MURDER

Makes Ante-Mortem Statement Of How Chester Thompson Shot Him.

MADLY IN LOVE WITH NIECE.

Charge Against Slayer Will be Murder In First Degree—Defense, Insanity.

Seattle, Wash., July 8.—Murder in the first degree will be the charge against Chester Thompson, 20 years old, son of Will Thompson of this city, who shot Judge G. Meade Emory to death at his home Saturday night at 9 o'clock. Yesterday it was discovered that one bullet from young Thompson's revolver went clear through the body from left to right, entering a few inches below the armpit on the left side, and perforating both lungs. Judge Emory literally bled to death from this wound, his physicians being unable to stop the hemorrhages, which were both internal and external, and very severe.

Judge Emory yesterday gave to his former law partner, Daniel Kelleher, a complete statement of the events prior to the shooting.

"Saturday evening about dinner time, Chester Thompson called up my home by telephone and talked to Charlotte Whittlesley, my niece, with whom he was desperately in love. He asked permission to call on Charlotte. She told him she could not see him as she was going out for the evening. Moreover, she had told Chester she did not wish his attentions. Some time later, Chester again called up my home. This time, at Charlotte's request, I answered the telephone, and talked with the boy. I told him that Charlotte did not wish to see him and furthermore that I did not wish him to come to the house again, nor did I wish him to continue his attentions. He replied, 'Oh, no! You don't want me to come to see her, eh?'

"This was in a tone of voice indicating bitter hostility to me. That ended the conversation. An hour later Chester came running up the steps to our house. He entered the hall, passing Mr. and Mrs. Keith, my wife and myself, in the porch. Instantly I jumped to my feet and followed him. Then he turned and shot me down."

It is clear that when Thompson entered the house of Emory it was for the purpose of begging Charlotte Whittlesley to make up with him and possibly to kill her and then himself if she refused.

The plea of the defense will be insanity, based on the mad infatuation of the accused youth for Charlotte Whittlesley and also on his eccentric actions during the past two years.

WOULDN'T PLACE STAIRS IN STORE

So Building Commissioner Barzen Closed up Marshall Field & Co.

POLICE OFFICERS AT DOORS.

Manager Sought Mayor, Store Allowed To Open But Warrants to be Taken Out.

Chicago, July 8.—The retail drygoods store of Marshall Field & Co. was closed to the public today by Building Commissioner Barzen because the management of the store had not complied with certain regulations to which its attention had been called by the commissioner.

For several days the management and the commissioner have been in conference regarding the placing of stairs in the store for the purpose of making exits.

This morning when the commissioner became aware that the work had not been done over Sunday he caused police officers to be stationed at all doors of the place and allowed nobody but employees to enter.

Manager Simmons, as soon as he was aware that all the customers were being turned back at the entrances, hastened to the building commissioner.

"I have repeatedly called attention to the matter," said the commissioner, "and if you are not man enough to protect the lives of your patrons you ought to be in jail."

Mr. Simmons then called upon the mayor, who said that the building commissioner had been too drastic and that he should have proceeded against the management of the store through the courts. The store was allowed to open and Commissioner Barzen declared that he would take out warrants for its managers.

BIALYSTOK RIOTS.

Official Report Sent to Ambassador Meyer and Other Representatives.

St. Petersburg, July 8.—Interior Minister Stolypin has sent to Ambassador Meyer and the representatives of other countries the government's official report of the Bialystok rioting, for transmission to their respective governments. While this unprecedented action on the part of the Russian government does not involve a recognition of the right of foreign countries to make representations regarding the internal affairs of the empire, it is a distinct recognition of the power of public opinion abroad and indicates the solidarity of foreign countries toward the Russian side of the case. The report is practically identical with that submitted by Minister Stolypin to parliament.

ELEVATOR EMPLOYEES STRIKE.

Chicago, July 8.—The grain elevator business in the suburbs of South Chicago was brought to standstill today when 50 employees of the elevators there went on a strike demanding an increase of wages to 25 cents an hour. From the present scale of 22 to 23 cents. Six firms are affected by the strike, but it is not believed that the trouble will be extended to Chicago proper.

WATERS OF SALTION SEA ADVANCING.

Southern Pacific Making Every Effort to Turn the Colorado Into Old Channel.

FORTY MILES ROAD AFFECTED.

Opening to be Closed Over 400 Feet Wide—Dam a Mile Long Necessary.

Salton, Cal., July 8.—Confronted with a final washout within the next six weeks by the rapid advancing waters of the Salton sea, the Southern Pacific company is now making every possible effort to turn the Colorado river back into its old channel, which leads into the gulf of California. Forty miles of the company's transcontinental line is affected. Large gangs of men, with teams and graders have been sent to Pilot Knob, a few miles this side of Yuma, and the construction of a nine mile spur track, branching from the main line at Pilot Knob, leading down through Mexico and ending at the famous in-take, has been commenced.

The work of checking the flow at the in-take, where the Colorado river is rushing from its old channel into the Salton Sink, has been entirely handicapped in part by its isolation from the railroad. Machinery and material needed to construct the dam and head-gates had to be hauled nine miles by wagon or floated down the Colorado from Yuma. It is proposed to run train loads of rock from the quarries near Pilot Knob and dump them into the in-take, thus constructing the dam which is intended to check the flow of the river from its mad rush into the Salton and to turn it into the gulf. The opening to be closed is over 400 feet wide and a dam of a mile in length will be necessary. With these transportation facilities, those in charge of the work feel confident that they will be able to avoid another move of the Southern Pacific tracks. The time is short, however, to accomplish this feat and, efforts will be directed toward it.

COLORADO FALLS.

Imperial, Cal., July 8.—The waters of the Colorado river at Yuma have fallen to 25 feet, reducing the discharge about 50 per cent. About 10 days ago the new river had ceased cutting the channel toward the Colorado, and has also stopped cutting at Calexico and Mexicali, where no further damage is expected. Reopened the Colorado river water companies just returned from the break in the river, report a large force of men working, and it is practically certain that the river will be turned to the gulf by Sept. 15.

LATE LOCALS.

Bank Clearing—Today's local bank clearings amounted to \$1,028,065.55 as against \$997,709.35 for the same day last year.

Business Meeting—A business meeting of the Daughters of the Pioneers will be held at the Lion House, Wednesday, at 4 p. m. All members are urgently requested to be present, as important business will come before the meeting.

Insurance Settled—The Home Fire Insurance company settled this morning, with the Salina Co-op in \$500 for its loss by the recent fire, for which the Salina meat market in \$24.55. The company also settled today with E. H. Duzzett of Emery for a small fire, for \$50.

Board of Education—The committee on buildings and grounds of the city board of education will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock to select desks for the new school buildings to be constructed this year. The adjourned meeting of the board of education will be held tomorrow evening.

O'Rourke Recovering—Jas. O'Rourke the man who fell from the third story of the American house on Center street, and who was taken to the hospital for treatment, is reported to be recovering. He has regained consciousness and his condition is improving steadily.

Crisis Editor Arrested—Yesterday afternoon Officer Jim Williams arrested W. S. Dalton, editor of the Crisis, a Socialistic paper, on the charge of peddling without a license. It is alleged that Dalton mingled with a crowd on Main street and began selling copies of his paper. He was released on his own recognizance.

Horse Is Found—Ten days ago the saddle horse of Joseph Nelson of Utah National bank, disappeared from the front of a Main street barber shop whole his rider was within getting shaved. The animal had on a fine saddle. This morning a red was received to the effect that the equine had suddenly appeared at the corral of its former owner in Porterville, Morgan county, minus the saddle which someone had removed. In the meantime Mr. Nelson is rejoicing over the recovery of a good horse but is still anxious to learn something of an equally good saddle.

Abused His Mother—County Atty. Christensen today issued a complaint against Sam Anderson with a view to placing him under bonds to keep the peace. It is charged that on July 5, he was taken to the home of his mother at 422 West Fifth South street and commenced to abuse her whereupon his cousin, Miss Lily Lovry attempted to interfere. Anderson grabbed the girl by the hair and slapped her face. He then threatened to kill the whole family. He was arrested yesterday by the police and today his mother and cousin asked the attorney to issue a complaint against him and he will be placed under bonds.

Made New District—At the meeting of the county commissioners this morning a new voting district was created which will be known as Dist. No. 96. The district was created on of dist. No. 33 and includes the territory in the vicinity of the new smelter at Garfield. The appointment of J. D. Brown as a special deputy sheriff at Garfield to act without pay from the county was confirmed by the commissioners. The board awarded the contract for installing the new electric pump at Thirteenth South and Mill Creek road to the Intercontinental Electric company upon its bid of \$849. The pump will be used to pump water to be used for sprinkling the road in that vicinity.

SEN. SUTHERLAND IS HOME AGAIN

He Tells the Deseret News of Important Work Done by Congress.

CASE OF SENATOR SMOOT.

Important Legislation Including Railroad Rate Bill, Meat Inspection Measure and Other Matters.

United States Senator George Sutherland has returned for the summer vacation from Washington, and is once more to be found in his law offices in the Keith building. When called on today, by a "News" representative, he said in reply to a query as to his views on the present status of the Smoot case, that he hardly thought it worth while to discuss it, as the public was already well informed; but in the matter of the future action of the senate on the reports of the committee, the senator said there would be a debate on the question of expulsion or exclusion. In expulsion the resolution would require a two-thirds vote; while the passage of a resolution of exclusion would require only a majority. Senator Sutherland believed that a majority of the senate would be of the opinion that wherever a senator possesses the qualifications required by the Constitution, he can only be deprived of his seat by a two-thirds vote, because the enumeration of the qualifications in the Constitution exclude by implication all other methods. When a senator is deprived of his seat, it can only be done by resort to that clause in the Constitution which provides that a member may be expelled by a concurrence of two-thirds of the senate.

Senator Sutherland said that the present session of Congress produced a vast amount of important legislation, including the railroad rate bill, the meat inspection bill, the pure food bill, the consular regulation bill, and among others, by no means the least, was the settlement of the debate on the Panama canal by decision on the lock rather than the sea level plan. Originally, many of the senators favored the sea level scheme. But it was found that the latter would require for over 30 miles 35 feet deeper excavation. Thus the lock plan, and through a difficult country, and involving the impounding of vast quantities of water which would be a perpetual menace to the canal. Besides this, for a long distance, the width of the canal would be only 150 feet with a tortuous course, thus reducing the safety of the larger ships. The lock level presented much fewer engineering difficulties, would cost approximately \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000 less, and require but half the time for construction. The lock plan would guarantee water over 500 feet wide, besides allowing vessels to use their own steam. The president always favored the lock plan, and told Senator Sutherland that had Congress favored the sea level scheme that he would have felt compelled to veto the measure.

ABOUT FORT DOUGLAS.

Senator Sutherland was asked about Fort Douglas, and he said there had been much misapprehension in the past as to what had really been appropriated for the post, and that many had believed a million dollars had been really granted. Nothing is further from the truth. The general board had been asked to estimate the cost of certain desired improvements, and the board replied that these would, if carried out, cost one million dollars, and that is as far as the proposition ever got. However, if carried out, the board estimated that \$100,000 will be expended at the fort in improvements. Utah received \$500,000 for the Salt Lake federal building, and \$200,000 for the Ogden building up to the present session of Congress. But the present session authorized the expenditure of \$100,000 for the Strawberry project, \$500,000 for the Utah project, \$120,000 additional for the Ogden public building, \$60,000 for the Provo building, and \$50,000 for the Logan building, besides minor sums for other purposes.

In the matter of the Strawberry project, it has been suggested that more money might have been obtained for irrigation works; and in this connection it is only necessary to say that since the passage of the irrigation act, Utah has contributed to the irrigation fund less than \$400,000; so the state is receiving over three times as much for the Strawberry project as she has contributed to the funds out of which this work will be paid for. Utah is receiving more than North Dakota, which has contributed millions to the fund. In addition to this, there is the \$600,000 to be expended on Indian canals, which must be of great benefit not only to the Indians, but of equity in the operation of water rights under the laws of the state; and the white settlers will largely profit.

LONE HIGHWAYMAN REPORTED CAPTURED.

Fresno, Cal., July 8.—It is reported from several sources that the highwayman who on Saturday held up and robbed a number of Yosemite valley stage coaches, has been captured. The capture of an official nature is as yet been received.

CAPTURE CONFIRMED.

San Francisco, July 8.—The Bulletin has a special dispatch confirming the announcement from Berkeley last night that the Yosemite stage robber has been captured. No details are given.

GREAT RAIN IN WICHITA.

Wichita, Kan., July 8.—Following the oppressive heat that has prevailed for a week came a terrific rain this forenoon. Barometric readings were down to 29.5 and the water stood six inches deep in the streets. Much damage resulted.

JUDGE EMORY DEAD.

He Was Shot by Chester Thompson Saturday Night.

Seattle, July 8.—Judge G. Meade Emory died at 1:15 P. M. in hospital at 1:30 this morning.

PREST'S SECRET SERVICE.

Chief Sloan of Ft. Finck for Assault on A New York Photographer.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 8.—J. B. Sloan, Jr., chief of the president's secret service, was charged with assault on a New York photographer, who was on a charge of assault in the third degree, preferred by Clarence Le Gendre, a New York photographer. Sloan paid the fine.

The trouble occurred at the time of the president's arrival in Oyster Bay, a week ago. The photographer charged that after he had taken a picture of the president, Sloan struck him. The trial was held in the justice's court presided over by Judge Franklin.

DEMONSTRATIONS IN ST. PETERSBURG

The Crowds Carried Red Flags And Sang Revolutionary Songs.

ALSO HELD UP STREET CARS.

Occupants Were Compelled to Uncover and Then Salute The Red Flags.

Meeting Dispersed—Guards on Mail Wagons Armed—Provincial Landlords Appeal for Protection.

St. Petersburg, July 8.—Political demonstrations during which the crowds carried red flags and sang revolutionary songs, occurred in many places in St. Petersburg yesterday afternoon and night, necessitating the interference of police and military patrol. Street cars were held up and their occupants were compelled to uncover and salute the red flags. The most serious affair happened near the Moscow railroad where an officer later identified as Lieut. Tom made a revolutionary speech to a crowd of 2,000 people. A detachment of police attempted to disperse the assemblage but the people armed themselves with stones dug up from the streets and beat off the police and a squadron of Cossacks. Eventually the Cossacks were reinforced and fired a blank volley in the air, whereupon the rioters fled to a neighboring court. Only a few persons were slightly injured. Lieut. Tom was arrested and taken to the fortress.

A meeting which was addressed by orators from a window of the Constitutional Democratic club was dispersed by mounted gendarmes during which several persons were wounded. The police used tear gas and the people's palace was broken up, the audience singing the "Marseillaise" as they dispersed.

The guards on the mail wagons are now armed with rifles owing to the increasing number of attacks made upon these vehicles. Six newspapers of this city have been confiscated.

Landlords from the provinces where agrarian disorders are occurring are flocking into Moscow and St. Petersburg appealing for troops to protect their property without which they declare it is impossible for them to live on their estates.

Some of the papers regard Gen. Trepofov's pronouncement in favor of a ministry composed of Cossacks as a sharp death blow to the republicans designed to give the emperor and court a breathing spell, while others consider it to be a confirmation of the report that Trepofov has fallen from favor and is trimming his sails to the prevailing wind. The holy synod has issued strict instructions forbidding the printing establishments of monasteries from publishing political tracts or in any way taking sides in the present struggle.

GOLF